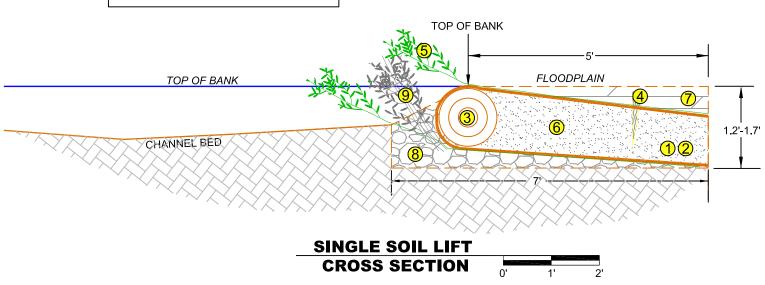
NUMBER OF SOIL LIFTS AND LENGTH OF TREATED BANK IS CALLED OUT ON SPECIFIC DRAWING SCHEDULE





EXAMPLE OF A CONSTRUCTED SINGLE SOIL LIFT

# **DESIGN INTENT**

The vegetated soil lift structure is a bioengineering technique that employs coir fabrics to provide conditions along the channel banks that are suitable for growing woody riparian vegetation. Vegetated soil lifts provide bank protection when used in conjunction with a sequence of other channel bed and bank structures. Typically the structure is placed along the outer bank of high-radius meander bends exhibiting poor soil conditions and a lack of vegetation. Structure performance is dependent upon vegetation growth and placement of cuttings at elevations in contact with the baseflow water table during the growing season. The design life of the structure is temporary and intended to provide short term stability until woody vegetation becomes established. Over a five to ten year period, the coir products will decompose and the rooting strength of established vegetation is intended to maintain low bank erosion rates.

# **CONSTRUCTION NOTES**

### Bench Construction:

Contractor shall place 6-inch minus alluvium to build the toe and bench of the structure as shown. Contractor shall place 6-inch minus alluvium unless suitable material is present as approved by Engineer. Engineer shall inspect and approve the toe and the bench prior to coir product installation.

### Soil Lift Construction:

Contractor shall place coir mat on top of the bench. Coir mat shall be placed first with approximately half of the coir mat width extending toward the channel beyond the front edge of the bench. Coir mat seams shall overlap at least three feet longitudinally from upstream to downstream. Coir fabric shall be placed on top of coir mat. Coir logs shall be placed on top of the coir fabric at the front edge of the bench as shown.

Contractor shall place a soil and gravel mixture, or other fine-textured material generated from on-site excavation and approved by Engineer, to fill the lift. Backfill shall be placed on the bench behind the coir log and on top of the coir fabric to the top of the coir log. Fill should taper down from the top of the coir log to a depth of six (6) to eight (8) inches at the back edge of the bench. Contractor shall compact backfill using bucket compaction.

Contractor shall wrap the coir mat and coir fabric around the coir log, tension the coir mat and coir fabric to remove slack, and stake the coir mat and coir fabric into the backfill and toe material using a 2-inch by 4-inch by 18-inch wedge stake. The stake shall extend through both the bottom and top edges of the coir mat and coir fabric. All overlaps in coir mat and coir fabric shall be staked with a minimum of two (2) stakes. Contractor shall secure the coir mat and coir fabric ends tightly by folding the coir mat and coir fabric with the top edge of folds going with the direction of stream flow.

Contractor shall place six (6) to eight (8) foot long dormant willow cuttings at a density of ten (10) stems per linear foot on top of Soil Lift 1. Willow cutting stems may overlap. The cut ends shall be placed on Soil Lift 1 with the un-cut ends extending beyond the edge of the bench so that no more than one-third of the total cutting length is exposed. Contractor shall place 0.2 feet of growth media on top of willow cuttings.

### Backfill:

After construction of specified number of lifts, Contractor shall backfill the soil lift structure with excavated on-site material approved by Engineer. Contractor shall compact backfill using bucket compaction. Contractor shall stabilize structure end points with rock or logs as requested by Engineer. The upstream and downstream ends of the vegetated soil lift should transition smoothly into a stable streambank, channel structure or other bioengineering structure to reduce the potential for short-term erosion. Contractor shall place 0.3 feet of growth media on top of 8-inch plus backfill.

# **MATERIAL SCHEDULE (PER LINEAR FOOT)**

	ITEM	DIMENSION	QUANTITY
1	LF OF COIR MAT (SOIL LIFT 1)	13' x 165' (roll)	1.0
2	LF OF COIR FABRIC	13' x 165' (roll)	1.0
3	12" COIR LOG - SOIL LIFT 1		0.1
4	WOODEN WEDGE STAKES	2" x 4" x 18"	1
<u>(5)</u>	WILLOW CUTTINGS		10
6	CY OF GRAVEL/SOIL MIX		0.7
7	CY OF GROWTH MEDIA		0.1
8	CY OF 8-INCH PLUS ALLUVIUM		0.1
9	CY OF 3'-6' DIA. BRUSH	5' - 8'	0.2

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5098 Hwy 93 Sou Whitefish, MT 599 tel.406.862.4927 fax.406-862-4963

SINGLE VEGETATED SOIL LIFT WITH BRUSH LAYERING DETAIL

NO. DATE BY DESCRIPTION CHK

1 7-20-11 NW RESTORATION PLAN IM

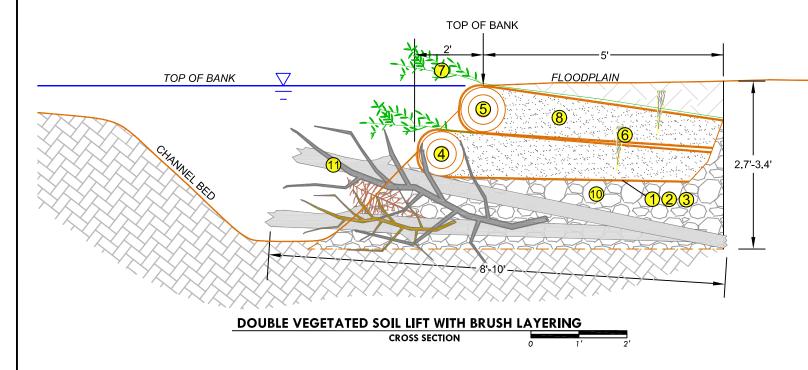
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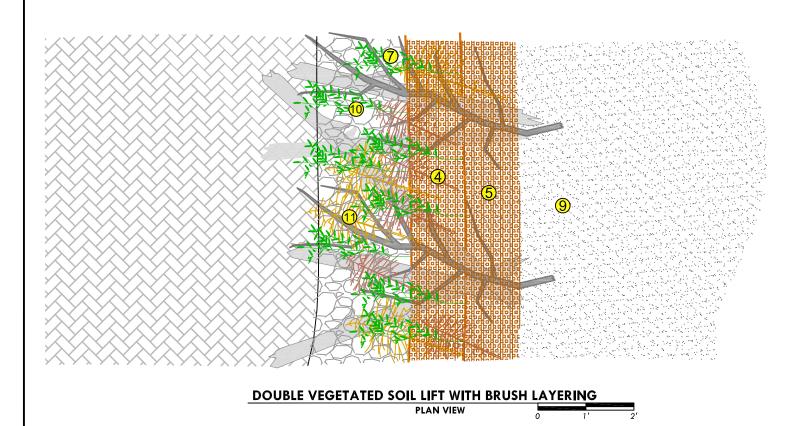
BANCH ST

RDG-10-068
SHEET NUMBER

**DT-2** 

NUMBER OF SOIL LIFTS AND LENGTH OF TREATED BANK IS CALLED OUT ON SPECIFIC DRAWING SCHEDULE





# **DESIGN INTENT**

The double vegetated soil lift with brush layering structure is a bioengineering technique that employs coir fabrics to provide conditions along the channel banks that are suitable for growing woody riparian vegetation. Vegetated soil lifts provide bank protection when used in conjunction with a sequence of other channel bed and bank structures. Typically the structure is placed along the outer bank of high-radius meander bends exhibiting poor soil conditions and a lack of vegetation. Structure performance is dependent upon vegetation growth and placement of cuttings at elevations in contact with the baseflow water table during the growing season. The design life of the structure is temporary and intended to provide short term stability until woody vegetation becomes established. Over a five to ten year period, the coir products will decompose and the rooting strength of established vegetation is intended to maintain low bank erosion rates.

# **CONSTRUCTION NOTES**

### Bench Construction:

Contractor shall place 8-inch plus alluvium to build the toe and bench of the structure as shown. Place brush and backfill with with 8" plus to form a bench for soil lift 1. Contractor shall place 8-inch plus alluvium unless suitable material is present as approved by Engineer. Engineer shall inspect and approve the toe and the bench prior to coir product installation.

## Soil Lift Construction:

Contractor shall place coir mat on top of the bench. Coir mat shall be placed first with approximately half of the coir mat width extending toward the channel beyond the front edge of the bench. Coir mat seams shall overlap at least three feet longitudinally from upstream to downstream. Coir fabric shall be placed on top of coir mat. Coir logs shall be placed on top of the coir fabric at the front edge of the bench as shown.

Contractor shall place a soil and gravel mixture, or other fine-textured material generated from on-site excavation and approved by Engineer, to fill the lift. Backfill shall be placed on the bench behind the coir log and on top of the coir fabric to the top of the coir log. Fill should taper down from the top of the coir log to a depth of six (6) to eight (8) inches at the back edge of the bench. Contractor shall compact backfill using bucket compaction.

Contractor shall wrap the coir mat and coir fabric around the coir log, tension the coir mat and coir fabric to remove slack, and stake the coir mat and coir fabric into the backfill and toe material using a 2-inch by 4-inch by 18-inch wedge stake. The stake shall extend through both the bottom and top edges of the coir mat and coir fabric. All overlaps in coir mat and coir fabric shall be staked with a minimum of two (2) stakes. Contractor shall secure the coir mat and coir fabric ends tightly by folding the coir mat and coir fabric with the top edge of folds going with the direction of stream flow.

Contractor shall place six (6) to eight (8) foot long dormant willow cuttings at a density of ten (10) stems per linear foot on top of Soil Lift 1. Willow cutting stems may overlap. The cut ends shall be placed on Soil Lift 1 with the un-cut ends extending beyond the edge of the bench so that no more than one-third of the total cutting length is exposed. Contractor shall place 0.2 feet of growth media on top of willow cuttings.

The above sequence shall be repeated for areas scheduled for a second soil lift to be constructed on top of Soil Lift 1 as specified on the Drawings. Contractor shall place six (6) to eight (8) foot long dormant willow cuttings at a density of two (2) stems per linear foot on top of Soil Lift 2.

### Backfill:

After construction of specified number of lifts, Contractor shall backfill the soil lift structure with excavated on-site material approved by Engineer. Contractor shall compact backfill using bucket compaction. Contractor shall stabilize structure end points with rock or logs as requested by Engineer. The upstream and downstream ends of the vegetated soil lift should transition smoothly into a stable streambank, channel structure or other bioengineering structure to reduce the potential for short-term erosion. Contractor shall place 0.3 feet of growth media on top of 8-inch plus backfill.

# **MATERIAL SCHEDULE (PER LINEAR FOOT)**

	ITEM	DIMENSION	QUANTITY
1	LF OF COIR MAT (SOIL LIFT 1)	13' x 165' (roll)	1.1
2	LF OF COIR MAT (SOIL LIFT 2)	13' x 165' (roll)	1.1
3	LF OF COIR FABRIC	13' x 165' (roll)	2.2
4	12" COIR LOG - SOIL LIFT 1		0.1
<u>(5)</u>	12" COIR LOG - SOIL LIFT 2		0.1
6	WOODEN WEDGE STAKES	2" x 4" x 18"	1
7	WILLOW CUTTINGS		10
8	CY OF GRAVEL/SOIL MIX		0.7
9	CY OF GROWTH MEDIA		0.1
10	CY OF 8-INCH PLUS ALLUVIUM		0.25
11	BRUSH	8' - 10'	0.4

ter Esign Group

ORC ORC 98 Hwy 93 South 311 SV

5098 Hwy 93 S Whitefish, MT 5 16/406.862.4927

# DOUBLE VEGETATED SOIL LIFT WITH BRUSH LAYERING DETAIL

СНК	Wſ					
DESCRIPTION	RESTORATION PLAN					
ВҮ	MN					
DATE	7-20-11 NW					
NO.	1					
PROJECT NUMBER						

PROJECT NUMBE RDG-10-068

SHEET NUMBI

**DT-3** 

# **DESIGN INTENT**

The intent of this treatment is to provide temporary bank protection along newly constructed streambanks. This treatment includes placement of wetland sod mats and small diameter brush intermixed with willow cuttings to provide streambank toe protection and habitat. Willow cuttings are intended to provide shade, rooting strength and cover along the channel margins. Typical structure placement is along straight, lower stress margins of the new channel.

# **CONSTRUCTION NOTES**

Excavate trench down to specified depth. Place and stack sod and brush pieces as shown. Backfill sod and brush with 8-inch plus alluvium.

# MATERIAL SCHEDULE (PER LINEAL FOOT)

	ITEM	QUANTITY	DIA. (IN)	LENGTH (FT)
1	SOD MAT	18 SF	6-12 (THICK)	3 X 6
2	BRUSH	0.4	3-6	10 - 15
3	SMALL LOGS	0.4	<6	10 - 15
4	CY OF 8-INCH PLUS ALLUVIUM	0.1		
<u>5</u>	WILLOW CUTTINGS	10	0.25	6



EXAMPLE OF A CONSTRUCTED SOD MAT BRUSH BANK

SOD MAT BRUSH BANK DETAIL

PROJECT NUMBER RDG-10-068

SHEET NUMBER